

## EXERCISE 5

### Momentum expectation value

This exercise guides you through the derivation of the key formula for the expectation value of a particle's momentum  $\langle p \rangle$  in terms of its wave function  $\Psi(x, t)$ . Starting from the definition of  $\langle p \rangle$ , we have

$$\langle p \rangle \equiv m \frac{d\langle x \rangle}{dt} = m \frac{d}{dt} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x |\Psi|^2 dx = m \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \frac{\partial |\Psi|^2}{\partial t} dx .$$

1. Using the time-dependent Schrödinger equation satisfied by  $\Psi$ , show that

$$\frac{\partial |\Psi|^2}{\partial t} = \frac{i\hbar}{2m} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right) .$$

2. In view of the last equality, we have

$$\langle p \rangle = \frac{i\hbar}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right) dx .$$

By performing integration by parts (twice!), demonstrate the desired result:

$$\langle p \rangle = -i\hbar \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} dx .$$

## Solution

1. We begin by writing

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial |\Psi|^2}{\partial t} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Psi^* \Psi \\ &= \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial t} \Psi + \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} \\ &= \left( \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} \right)^* \Psi + \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} .\end{aligned}$$

Using the Schrödinger equation

$$\frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{i\hbar} \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi \right) ,$$

we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial |\Psi|^2}{\partial t} &= -\frac{1}{i\hbar} \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi \right)^* \Psi + \Psi^* \frac{1}{i\hbar} \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{i\hbar} \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi^*}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi^* \right) \Psi + \frac{1}{i\hbar} \Psi^* \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} + V\Psi \right) \\ &= \frac{\hbar}{2im} \left( \frac{\partial^2 \Psi^*}{\partial x^2} \Psi - \Psi^* \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} \right) .\end{aligned}$$

Then, noticing that

$$\frac{\partial^2 \Psi^*}{\partial x^2} \Psi - \Psi^* \frac{\partial^2 \Psi}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi - \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} \right) ,$$

we get

$$\frac{\partial |\Psi|^2}{\partial t} = \frac{\hbar}{2im} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi - \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} \right) ,$$

or, finally,

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial |\Psi|^2}{\partial t} = \frac{i\hbar}{2m} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right)}$$

2. Doing by parts the integral in

$$\langle p \rangle = \frac{i\hbar}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right) dx ,$$

we obtain

$$\langle p \rangle = \frac{i\hbar}{2} \left\{ x \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right) \Big|_{x \rightarrow -\infty}^{x \rightarrow +\infty} - \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right) dx \right\}.$$

The wave function and its spatial derivative are assumed to decay rapidly to zero as  $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$ , causing the first term inside the curly brackets to vanish. Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} \langle p \rangle &= -\frac{i\hbar}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left( \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi \right) dx \\ &= -\frac{i\hbar}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} dx + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi dx. \end{aligned}$$

Finally, doing the second integral by parts,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\partial \Psi^*}{\partial x} \Psi dx = \underbrace{\Psi^* \Psi \Big|_{x \rightarrow -\infty}^{x \rightarrow +\infty}}_{\text{vanishes}} - \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} dx = - \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} dx,$$

we arrive at

$$\boxed{\langle p \rangle = -i\hbar \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Psi^* \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial x} dx}$$